



Gate Turn-off Thyristor

DS4093-5 June 2016 (LN33552)

FEATURES

- Double Side Cooling
- High Reliability In Service
- High Voltage Capability
- Fault Protection Without Fuses
- High Surge Current Capability
- Turn-off Capability Allows Reduction in Equipment Size and Weight. Low Noise Emission Reduces Acoustic Cladding Necessary For Environmental Requirements

APPLICATIONS

- Variable speed AC motor drive inverters (VSD-AC)
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- High Voltage Converters
- Choppers
- Welding
- Induction Heating
- DC/DC Converters

KEY PARAMETERS

| V_{DRM} | 4500V |
|---------------------|----------|
| I _{T(AV)} | 745A |
| I _{TCM} | 2000A |
| dV _D /dt | 1000V/µs |
| dl _⊤ /dt | 300A/µs |

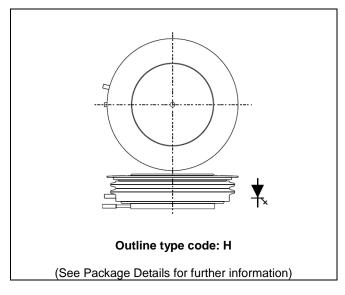


Fig. 1 Package outline

VOLTAGE RATINGS

| Type Number | Repetitive Peak Off-state Voltage V _{DRM} (V) | Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage V _{RRM} (V) | Conditions |
|-------------|---|---|--|
| DG648BH45 | 4500 | 16 | T_{vj} = 125°C, I_{DM} =50mA, I_{RRM} = 50mA |

CURRENT RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Max. | Units |
|---------------------|---|---|------|-------|
| I _{TCM} | Repetitive peak controllable on-state current | $V_D = V_{DRM}, T_j = 125^{\circ}C,$ $dI_{GQ}/dt = 40A/\mu s, C_S = 2.0 \mu F$ | 2000 | Α |
| I _{T(AV)} | Mean on-state current | T _{HS} = 80°C, Double side cooled. Half sine 50Hz | 745 | Α |
| I _{T(RMS)} | RMS on-state current | T _{HS} = 80°C, Double side cooled. Half sine 50Hz | 1170 | Α |



SURGE RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | | Units |
|---------------------|---|--|------|-------------------|
| I _{TSM} | Surge (non repetitive) on-state current | 10ms half sine. T _j = 125°C | 16.0 | kA |
| l ² t | I ² t for fusing | 10ms half sine. T _j = 125°C | 1.28 | MA ² s |
| di _⊤ /dt | Critical rate of rise of on-state current | V_D = 4500V, I_T = 2000A, T_j = 125°C, I_{FG} > 30A, Rise time > 1.0 μs | 300 | A/μs |
| d\/ /dt | Data of rise of off state voltage | To 66% V_{DRM} ; $R_{GK} \le 1.5\Omega$, $T_j = 125^{\circ}C$ | 175 | V/µs |
| dV _D /dt | Rate of rise of off-state voltage | To 66% V_{DRM} ; $V_{RG} \le -2V$, $T_j = 125$ °C | 1000 | V/µs |
| L _S | Peak stray inductance in snubber circuit | I_T = 2000A, V_{DM} = 4500V, T_j = 125°C, di_{GQ}/dt = 40A/ μ s, C_S = 2.0 μ F | 200 | nH |

GATE RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------|------|-------|
| V_{RGM} | Peak reverse gate voltage | This value may be exceeded during turn-off | - | 16 | V |
| I _{FGM} | Peak forward gate current | | 20 | 100 | А |
| P _{FG(AV)} | Average forward gate power | | - | 15 | W |
| P _{RGM} | Peak reverse gate power | | - | 19 | kW |
| di _{GQ} /dt | Rate of rise of reverse gate current | | 30 | 60 | A/μs |
| t _{ON(min)} | Minimum permissible on time | | 50 | - | μS |
| t _{OFF(min)} | Minimum permissible off time | | 100 | - | μS |

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | | Min. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|-------------|------|-------|-------|
| Thermal resig | Thermal resistance – junction to | Double side cooled | DC | - | 0.018 | °C/W |
| R _{th(j-hs)} | R _{th(j-hs)} heatsink surface | Single side cooled | Anode DC | - | 0.03 | °C/W |
| | | | Cathode DC | - | 0.045 | °C/W |
| R _{th(c-hs)} | Contact thermal resistance | Clamping force 20.0kN With mounting compound | Per contact | - | 0.006 | °C/W |
| T _{vj} | Virtual junction temperature | On-state (conducting) | | - | 125 | °C |
| T _{OP} /T _{stg} | Operating junction/storage temperature range | | | -40 | 125 | °C |
| F _m | Clamping force | | | 18.0 | 22.0 | kN |



CHARACTERISTICS

$T_j = 125$ °C unless stated otherwise

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Max. | Units |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---|-----|-------|-------|
| V_{TM} | On-state voltage | At 2000A peak, I _{G(ON)} = 7A dc | - | 3.2 | V |
| I _{DM} | Peak off-state current | V _{DRM} = 4500V, V _{RG} = 0V | - | 100 | mA |
| I _{RRM} | Peak reverse current | At V _{RRM} | - | 50 | mA |
| V _{GT} | Gate trigger voltage | V _D = 24V, I _T = 100A, T _j = 25°C | - | 1.0 | V |
| I _{GT} | Gate trigger current | V _D = 24V, I _T = 100A, T _j = 25°C | - | 3.0 | Α |
| I _{RGM} | Reverse gate cathode current | V _{RGM} = 16V, No gate/cathode resistor | - | 50 | mA |
| E _{ON} | Turn-on energy | $V_D = 3000V$ $I_T = 2000A$, $dI_T/dt = 300A/\mu s$ $I_{FG} = 30A$, rise time < 1.0 μs | - | 3170 | mJ |
| t _d | Delay time | | - | 1.35 | μS |
| t _r | Rise time | | - | 3.2 | μS |
| E _{OFF} | Turn-off energy | | - | 10000 | mJ |
| t _{gs} | Storage time | | - | 20.0 | μS |
| t _{gf} | Fall time | $I_T = 2000A$, | - | 2.0 | μS |
| t _{gq} | Gate controlled turn-off time | V_{DM} = 2500V, | - | 22.0 | μS |
| Q_{GQ} | Turn-off gate charge | | - | 6000 | μС |
| Q_{GQT} | Total turn-off gate charge | | - | 12000 | μС |
| I _{GQM} | Peak reverse gate current | | - | 690 | Α |



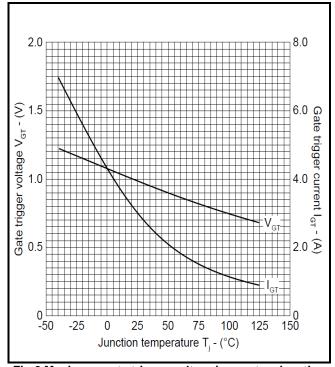


Fig.2 Maximum gate trigger voltage/current vs junction temperature

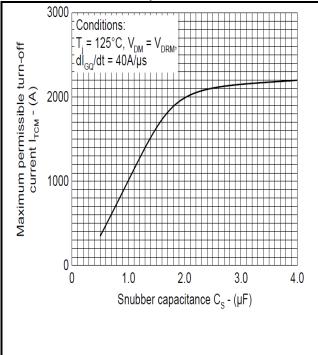


Fig.4 Maximum dependence of I_{TCM} on C_S

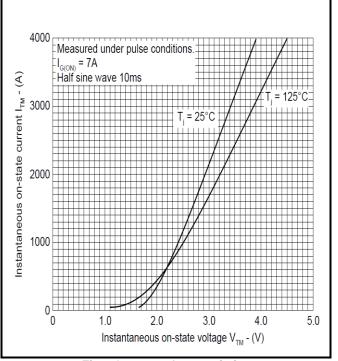


Fig.3 On-state characteristics

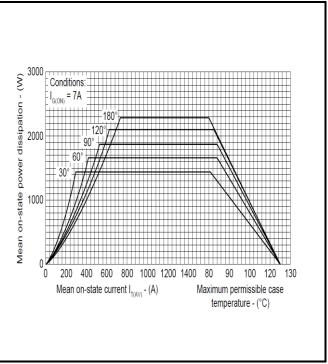


Fig.5 Steady state sinusoidal wave conduction loss – double side cooled



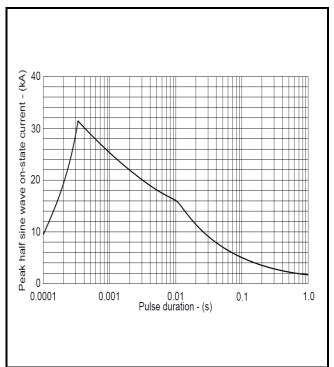


Fig.6 Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current vs time

Fig.7 Steady state rectangular wave conduction loss – double side cooled

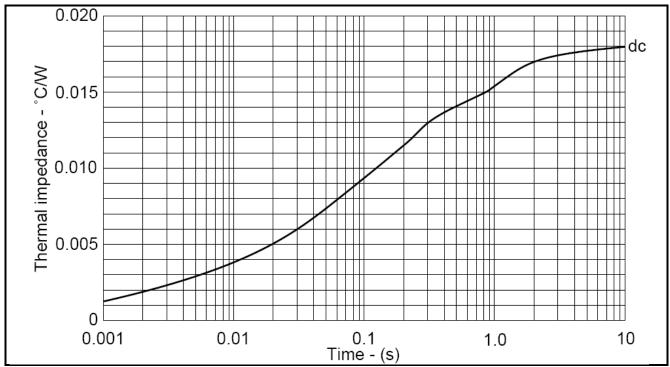
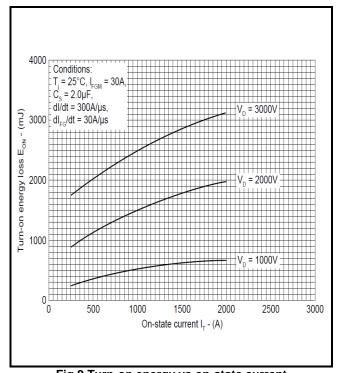
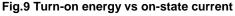


Fig.8 Maximum (limit) transient thermal impedance – junction to case (°C/kW)







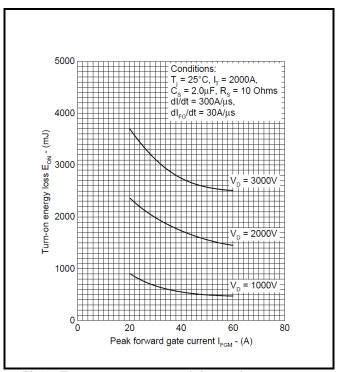


Fig.10 Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current

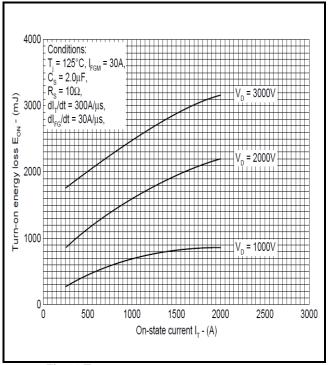


Fig.11 Turn-on energy vs on-state current

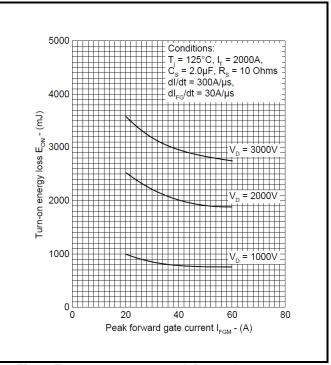
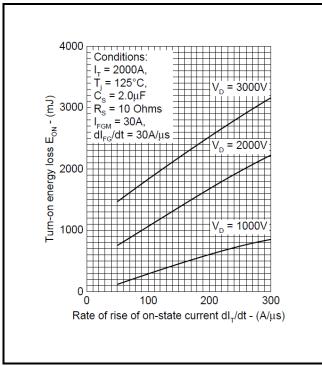


Fig.12 Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current





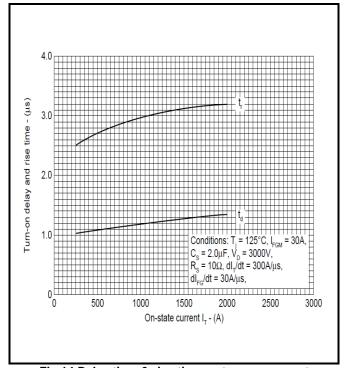


Fig.13 Turn-on energy vs rate of rise of on-state current

Fig.14 Delay time & rise time vs turn-on current

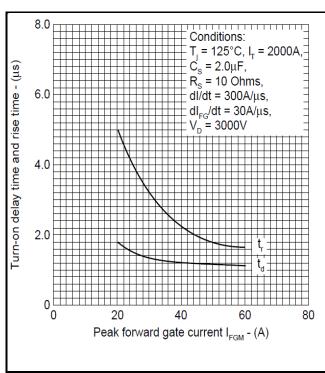


Fig.15 Delay time & rise time vs peak forward gate current

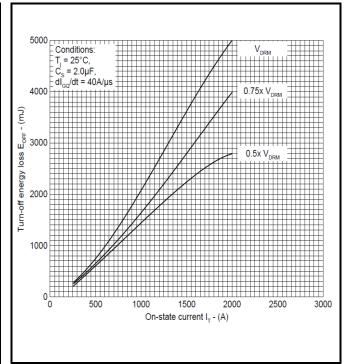


Fig.16 Turn-off energy vs on-state current



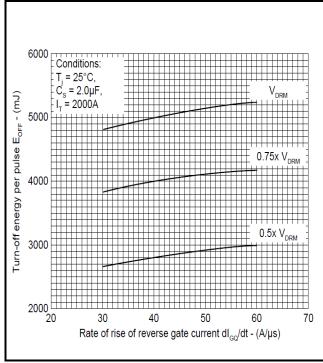


Fig.17 Turn-off energy vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

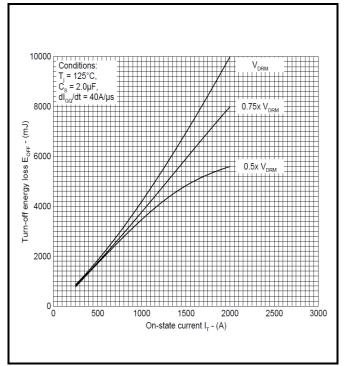


Fig.18 Turn-off energy vs on-state current

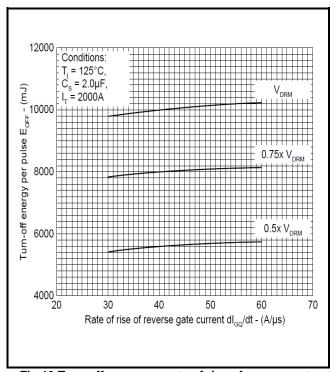


Fig.19 Turn-off energy vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

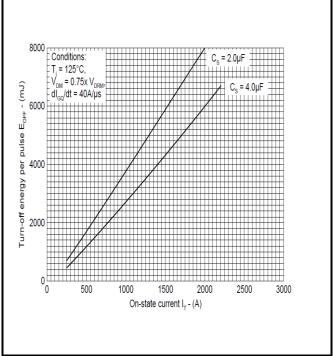


Fig.20 Turn-off energy vs on-state current



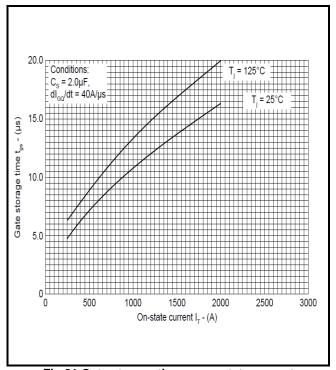


Fig.21 Gate storage time vs on-state current

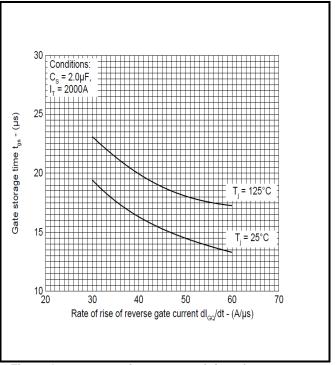


Fig.22 Gate storage time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

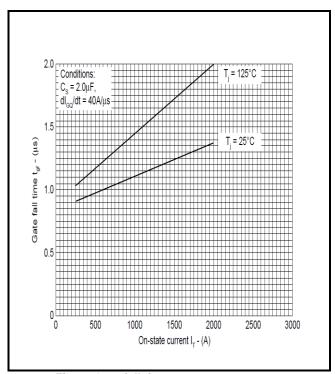


Fig.23 Gate fall time vs on-state current

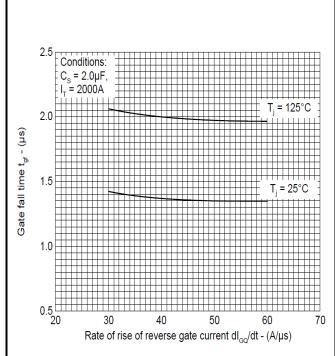


Fig.24 Gate fall time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current



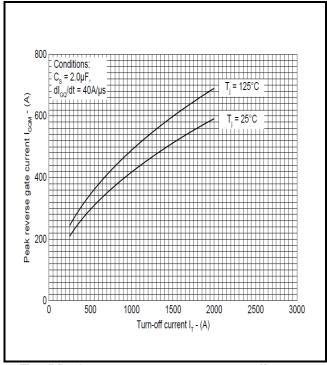


Fig.25 Peak reverse gate current vs turn-off current

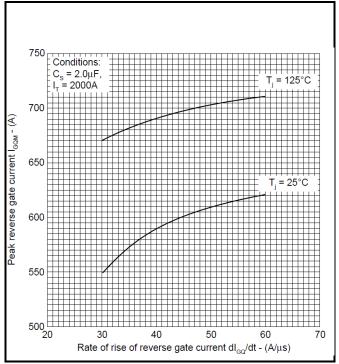


Fig.26 Peak reverse gate current vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

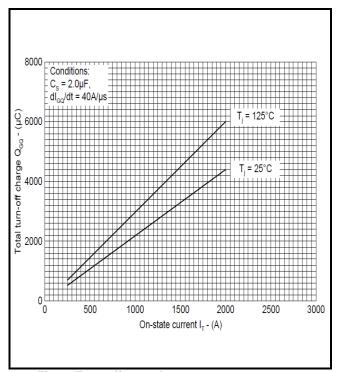


Fig.27 Turn-off gate charge vs on-state current

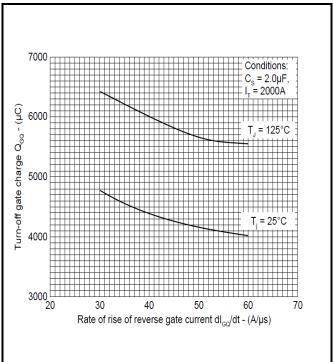


Fig.28 Turn-off gate charge vs rate of rise of reverse gate current



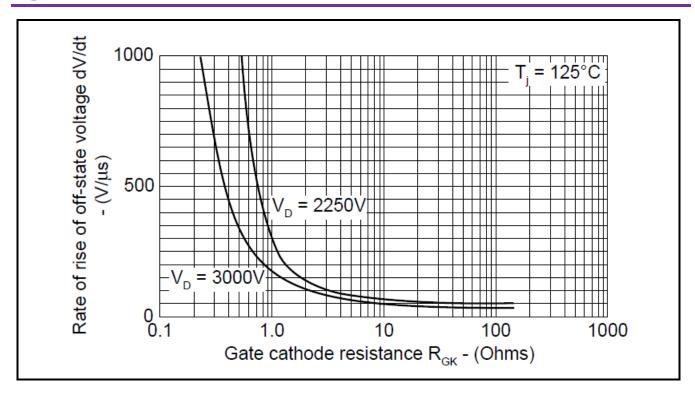


Fig.29 Rate of rise of off-state voltage vs gate cathode resistance



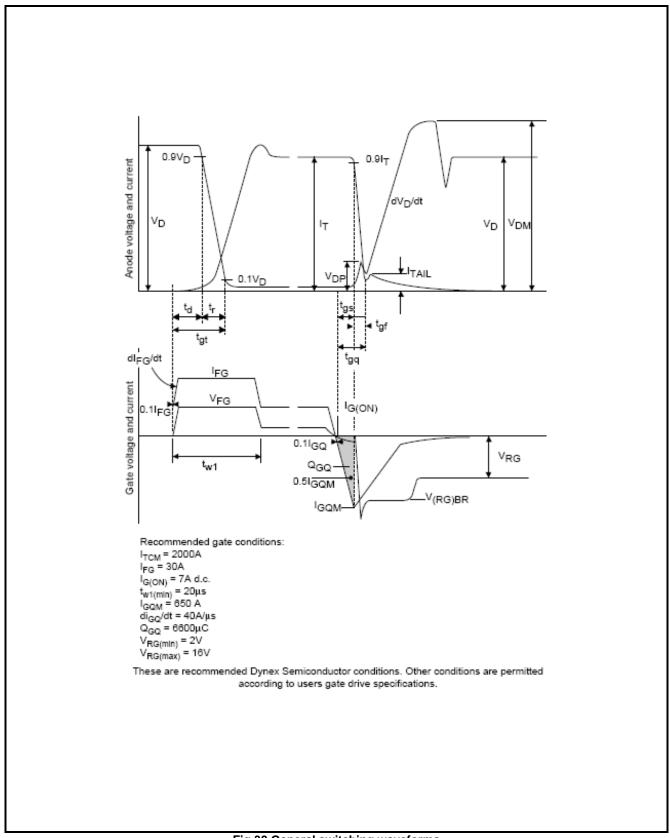


Fig.30 General switching waveforms



PACKAGE DETAILS

For further package information, please contact Customer Services. All dimensions in mm, unless stated otherwise. DO NOT SCALE.

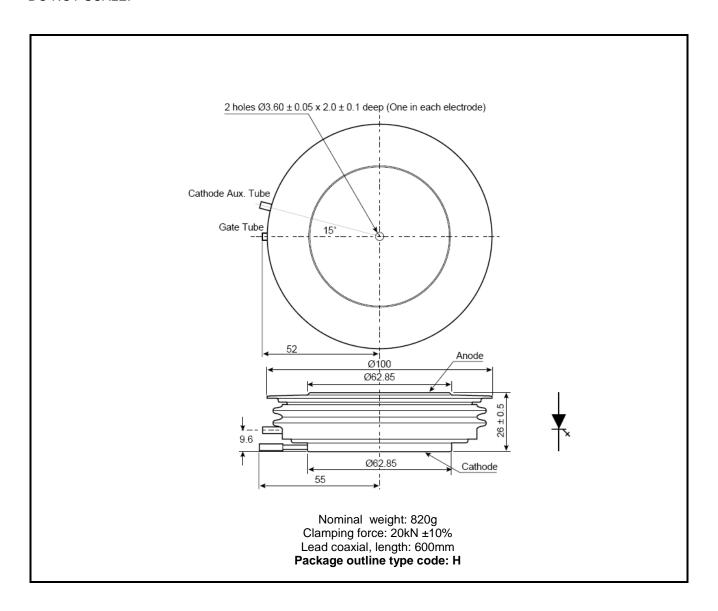


Fig.31 Package outline

www.dynexsemi.com



IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

This publication is provided for information only and not for resale.

The products and information in this publication are intended for use by appropriately trained technical personnel.

Due to the diversity of product applications, the information contained herein is provided as a general guide only and does not constitute any guarantee of suitability for use in a specific application. The user must evaluate the suitability of the product and the completeness of the product data for the application. The user is responsible for product selection and ensuring all safety and any warning requirements are met. Should additional product information be needed please contact Customer Service.

Although we have endeavoured to carefully compile the information in this publication it may contain inaccuracies or typographical errors. The information is provided without any warranty or guarantee of any kind.

This publication is an uncontrolled document and is subject to change without notice. When referring to it please ensure that it is the most up to date version and has not been superseded.

The products are not intended for use in applications where a failure or malfunction may cause loss of life, injury or damage to property. The user must ensure that appropriate safety precautions are taken to prevent or mitigate the consequences of a product failure or malfunction.

The products must not be touched when operating because there is a danger of electrocution or severe burning. Always use protective safety equipment such as appropriate shields for the product and wear safety glasses. Even when disconnected any electric charge remaining in the product must be discharged and allowed to cool before safe handling using protective gloves.

Extended exposure to conditions outside the product ratings may affect reliability leading to premature product failure. Use outside the product ratings is likely to cause permanent damage to the product. In extreme conditions, as with all semiconductors, this may include potentially hazardous rupture, a large current to flow or high voltage arcing, resulting in fire or explosion. Appropriate application design and safety precautions should always be followed to protect persons and property.

Product Status & Product Ordering:

No Annotation:

We annotate datasheets in the top right hand corner of the front page, to indicate product status if it is not yet fully approved for production. The annotations are as follows:-

Target Information: This is the most tentative form of information and represents a very preliminary specification.

No actual design work on the product has been started.

Preliminary Information: The product design is complete and final characterisation for volume production is in progress. The datasheet represents the product as it is now understood but details may change.

The product has been approved for production and unless otherwise notified by Dynex any product ordered will be supplied to the current version of the data sheet prevailing at the

time of our order acknowledgement.

All products and materials are sold and services provided subject to Dynex's conditions of sale, which are available on request.

Any brand names and product names used in this publication are trademarks, registered trademarks or trade names of their respective owners.

HEADQUARTERS OPERATIONS

DYNEX SEMICONDUCTOR LIMITED Doddington Road, Lincoln, Lincolnshire, LN6 3LF United Kingdom.

Phone: +44 (0) 1522 500500 +44 (0) 1522 500550

Web: http://www.dynexsemi.com

CUSTOMER SERVICE

+44 (0) 1522 502753 / 502901 Phone:

Fax: +44 (0) 1522 500020

e-mail: power_solutions@dynexsemi.com

© Dynex Semiconductor Ltd. Technical Documentation - Not for resale.